'First Aid' for APoint 1.25

Directory

1 Installation 1.1 Requirements 1.2 Programme installation 1.3 Packer installation 2 Configuration 2.1 Installing a Fido account 2.1.1 Preparing 2.1.2 Configuring a FIDO User 2.1.3 Registering the Nodelist 2.1.4 Registering the Pointlist 2.1.5 <u>Registering the Packer</u> 2.1.6 Inserting a Group 2.1.7 Creating a Netmail area 2.1.8 Request for an echolist 2.1.9 Picking up an echo 2.1.10 Mailer adjustments 2.1.11 Exporting an echolist from Netmail 2.2 Installing an E-Mail account 2.2.1 <u>Requirements</u> 2.2.2 Creating a User 2.2.3 Creating a Group 2.2.4 Creating an E-Mail area 2.2.5 Other adjustments in the mail client 2.3 Installing a Newsserver 2.3.1 <u>Requirements</u> 2.3.2 Adjustments

- 2.3.3 Fetching newsgroup list
- 2.3.4 Subscribe to a newsgroup

1. Installation

1.1 Requirements

Installing APoint, you need the following minimum requirements:

- First of all, a PC with WIN 9x, ME, 2000 or NT. The HD should have a minimum of 10 up to 100 MB free space, depending on the volume your local database of messages will grow to.
- A modem or an ISDN–Card and the appropriate telephone or cable connection with the associated drivers (installed).
- ♦ A pack programm, recommandable for example is PowerArchiver Command Line Support Add–On V 2.0 (PAUtil in short), available under <u>http://www.powerarchiver.com</u>.
- Then you need APoint (of course ;-) available under <u>http://www.apoint-mail.de</u> (ap125en.exe, self extracting archive).

- If you want to use APoint as point programme, you should know someone running a FIDO System or a BBS, a so called node.
- ♦ If you want to use APoint as an E-Mail- and/or Newsreader you should have an E-Mail and/or Newsreader account.

Well – that's it, folks ;-)

1.2 Programme installation

Copy *ap125en.exe* to your harddisk in a temp directory and start it. You'll be asked if you want to install APoint 1.25. Confirm with the YES button and the setup of APoint will be started. After reading the text (read it indeed, please!) you go on with NEXT reaching the next page of the setup programme. Standard path (or folder) is *c:\Apoint* you can change this to any other path you like. NEXT leads you to a page which needs a little bit more explanation. Here you'll have to make adjustements, you should think a little bit about, because later they will be difficult to change. For this reason, you need to know the meaning of them:

APoint 1.25 Setup	APoint 1.25 Setup		
Sub Directories Choose the sub direc	Sub Directories Choose the sub directories for APoint 1.25		
You can specify the s	You can specify the sub directories for APoint yourself or you may accept the defaults.		
☑ Default <u>s</u> ub direct	tories		
Sub Directories			
<u>O</u> utbound:	C:\APoint125\out\zone		
Inbound:	C:\APoint125\in		
Export:	C:\APoint125\export		
<u>M</u> essagebase:	Messagebase: C:\APoint125\areas		
	< Back Next > Cancel		

- Outbound: this is the directory APoint stores the mail before sending it out. Normally you can accept the defaults.
- Inbound: the directory, incoming mail and eventually files will be saved to. Here you can also keep the defaults.
- Export: here you'll find all the files which are attached to a message or the mail intended to be exported. If you like, you may choose a subdirectory of your 'Own Files' folder – possibly this makes more sense.
- Messagebase: Here you'll find your local mail database. It can grow up to many MBs. One should reflect well whether it's useful to keep it on the same partition as your operating

system / the programmes and/or your swap file. If you don't know the meaning of all this you may take the defaults, but: it's difficult to change them later.

After choosing the paths you want to use, NEXT leads you to the point whether Apoint shall register the Start Menu and creating Links on the Desktop. Now you can see that APoint consists of three programmes (more about that later).

NEXT leads you to a page we will fill in later because we have to explain some more details before it's useful to fill it with data. Everything on this page can be reached later if you KNOW whether you want to configure an E–Mail account or a FIDO–Net point or maybe both of them.

APoint 1.25 Setup	
FidoNet Configuration Set up the configuration for FidoNet	D2
You can allow Setup to create a Fidonet Use	r for you.
Create FidoNet User	
User	Modem
Name: J. Bors	
Address: 2:345/678.9	CAPI 2.0
Boss Node	Passwords
Ielephone: +49 (123) 456	Session:
Nam <u>e</u> : Mein Boss	Packet:
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>C</u> ancel

The same is valid for the next page – I do not recommend creating an Internet User if one doesn't know about all the technical terms.

APoint 1.25 Setup	
Internet Configuration Specify the configuration for the Internet	De la
You can allow Setup to create an Internet l	Jser for you.
Create Internet User	
User Name: J. Bors	Server N <u>e</u> ws Server (NNTP): news.de
	SMTP Server: smtp.de POP3 Server: pop.de
Dial-Up connection	POP3 Username: User
Arcor	PUP3 Password:
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>C</u> ancel

Klicking NEXT and Install will finalize the installation and Apoint will now delete the temporary files. One general hint at the end of installation: I will not explain all the settings you can make during configuration in depth. For this purpose you can use the F1 key at any time using the programme.

1.2 Packer installation

Now it's recommended to install the above mentioned pack programme. For this purpose, you start the *pacl20.exe*, a selfextracting archive. There's nothing complicated about it, you only have to remember the path it's installed to. Default is *c:\pautil* – I always use this directory for the later configuration of the packer. If you wish to use another path you should keep it in mind and configure it correctly.

2 Configuration

2.1 Installing a Fido account 2.1.1 Preparing

First you should get in contact with a FIDO Node and ask him whether you can get a "Point" on his system. If he says 'Yes' (normally he will ;–) you should get the following information:

- ◊ The telephone number of the ISDN or Modem line of his BBS.
- ♦ The point number for you.
- Or The password for your account (session password), for the mail packets (packet password) and the areafix password.
- ◊ The FIDO address of his system.
- ◊ The name of his BBS.

- If the used packing method for the mail packets, the node- and pointdiff (two weekly sended files, containing updated data for the correct functioning of FIDO-Net) and the file names used for this lists.
- ◊ It would be very helpful to get a complete nodelist, a pointlist and an echolist.
- Ask him if it's necessary to send an 'empty packet' when calling his system without sending any mails from your system

If you got all these informations and data then start APoint12. Now you'll see the following window:

<mark>∖⊗Area-List</mark> Eile A <u>r</u> eas Help	⊻iew <u>C</u> onfiguration Actio <u>n</u> s	Areaf <u>i</u> x <u>M</u> aint	enance	_ 🗆 🗙 Tools
📭 🛃 📲	😪 🗖 🖻 🖉			
Area-ID	Description	Group	Msgs	New
- Private Mai				
Waste		Waste	0	0

Before discussing this window in detail, we first should make all the necessary adjustments.

2.1.2 Configuring a FIDO User

Under Configuration/ Users you'll find the following:

User 1/1			×
User Name:	Address:		
Juergen Bors	2:2407939.39		
Route to:	Reply Address:		Net Type
2.240/355	1		Fido
Packet password: ******	Areafix password:		C Internet
Della la Association	,		
C:\APoint125\export\Echolist.TXT	E	Browse	
,			
Close Dejete Ney	<u>ч <u>С</u>ору</u>	< <u>P</u> revious	<u>N</u> ext >

Here you must insert:

- ◊ Net type is FIDO.
- ◊ Your User name: in FIDO it is required to use your realname so you know what to put in here ;–).
- ◊ Your FIDO address which consists of the node address of your 'Boss–Node' (the one you will be connected to, see point 2.1.1 above).
- ◊ In the field 'Routing' you put in the address of your Node
- ◊ The password fields are self explaining also the path to the echolist if this file already exists on your system. If not, it can be entered later...

2.1.3 Registering the Nodelist

We go on with Configuration/ Nodelists:

Nodelisten 1/2	×
Name and path of Nodelist:	c:\Own Files\Nodelist.278 Browse
Name of No <u>d</u> ediff file:	nodediff
☐ <u>P</u> ointlist Z <u>o</u> ne:	2 👤
Clo <u>s</u> e Dejete	<u>New</u> <u>C</u> opy < <u>Previous</u> <u>N</u> ext >

If there's a nodelist already registered, you can create a new entry (button New) in this window. Nodelist file names in FIDO should look like the above, only the numbers of the extension will differ. The DIFF file will get no extension in this entry. The nodelist is not a pointlist so no mark here...

2.1.4 Registering the Pointlist

This also happens under Configuration/ Nodelists:

Nodelisten 2/2		×
Name and path of Nodelist:	c:\0wn Files\Points.278 Browse	
Name of No <u>d</u> ediff file:	pr24diff	
<mark>▼ Pointlist</mark> Z <u>o</u> ne:	2 🕏	
Clo <u>s</u> e Dejete	<u>N</u> ew <u>C</u> opy < <u>P</u> revious <u>N</u> ext >	

If there's a pointlist already registered, you can create a new entry (button New) in this window. Pointlist file names in FIDO look like the above, only the numbers of the extension will differ. The DIFF file will get no extension in this entry. The pointlist certainly IS a pointlist so you have to set the mark.

2.1.5 Registering the Packer

Now we have to register the packer Configuration/ Options/ Packer:

Option	S		х
Auto	Packer	Templates 2 Misc PGP Internet	
Pack	er comma	nds	
AR	IJ:	C:\PAUTIL\PAEXT.EXE -d -e	
LZ	H:	C:\PAUTIL\PAEXT.EXE -d -e	
RA	R:	C:\PAUTIL\PAEXT.EXE -d-e	
ZIF	Þ:	C:\PAUTIL\PAEXT.EXE -d -e	
Un	iknown for	mat: C:\PAUTIL\PAEXT.EXE -d -e	
Pack	er comma	nd	
C:V	PAUTIL\P	ACOMP.EXE -a	
		OK Cancel	

The picture speaks for itself. This pack programme can handle a lot of different pack formats thus it's not necessary to use a special programme for each format (which also is possible). It is strongly recommended to enter the pack programme with absolute path entries. Outgoing mail will not be packed by APoint, thus this entry isn't important.

2.1.6 Inserting a Group

Well, let's start a theme now which isn't that easy: the group. This means a couple of settings for one or more areas (or echos). In the above echolist window you can see a group called 'Waste'. This is the group all new areas will be listed in. For the normal FIDO areas you should create another one (**Configuration/ Groups**) what we're now starting to do. These settings could look like this:

Gruppen 2/3	×
<u>G</u> roup name: Fido	Default r <u>e</u> cipient:
Max. age of messages (days): Max. number 365 2000	of messages: Delete at:
<u>U</u> ser: Juergen Bors (2:240/999.99) ▼	Iemplate: Fido
<u>O</u> rigin:	💌 🗖 Random origin
Default charset:	t outgoing messages to ASC <u>I</u> I
Close Delete Ne <u>w</u>	<u>C</u> opy <u>(< Previous</u> <u>N</u> ext >

This is pretty easy: click on New, enter the group name, change the settings for the mail data base (Max. age, Max. number, Delete at..) until they fit your needs, choose the User, the Template for your response messages in the echo and a default recipient for your mail, a default character set and then we're through.

2.1.7 Creating a Netmail area

Now let's create the Netmail area, your private mailbox. Click **Areas/ New Area** from the main menu.

Агеа			×
Area- <u>[</u> D: Netmail Description: Personal Mails <u>G</u> roup: Fido			Flags No <u>s</u> canning Hold No Jinking No tetmail/EMail
Messagebase type O <u>M</u> sg	o <u>j</u> am	۰ ۸	λM <u>F</u>
	ОК	Cancel	J

You may give a name you want to this area, can place a description for it, choose the just created group and, please, have a look on the mark at the Netmail/E–Mail flag. Click OK and you are ready.

Btw: it's pretty easy to sort the areas like you wish -

🕵 Area-List				_ 🗆 ×
<u>F</u> ile A <u>r</u> eas <u>V</u> iew <u>C</u> onfigu <u>H</u> elp	uration Actio <u>n</u> s Area	af <u>i</u> x <u>M</u> ainte	nance	<u>T</u> ools
📭 💆 🏂 🍓 🔁 🗖	1			
Area-ID Descriptio	n	Group	Msgs	New
- Private Mail				
Netmail Personal M	ails	Fido	-	-
– New areas – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –		Waste	0	0
***		** dole	0	°

just use Draglike I did it in the windows above. This way it makes more sense to me. Now you have two possibilities: either you have an echolist already, then you can skip the following point, or you don't have one then we'll make a request for it now.

2.1.8 Request for an echolist

For this purpose, click Areafix/ Additional commands and mark the following:

Commands to Areafix	×
User: Juergen Bors (2:24	40/999.99)
₽ %LIST	☐ % <u>P</u> AUSE
☐ % <u>Q</u> UERY	☐ % <u>R</u> ESUME
☐ %U <u>N</u> LINKED	₩ ² HELP
₩ %INFO	☐ % <u>S</u> TATS
OK	Cancel

Besides the echolist (%List) you can request further information (%Info) relating to the AreaFix programme of your Boss–Node and you can request a help file (%help). The rest you can find in there...

With the next call to your node, this mail will be sent to his system, one call later you'll get the echolist via Netmail (more on this topic later). Sometimes it will last an amount of time (maybe an hour or even more) until the programmes of your node are ready with your requests but in most cases you can get the files only a few minutes later...

2.1.9 Picking up an echo

If you have already an echolist, you can pick up echos at once, otherwise you do it during one of the next calls.

Subscribe			×
<u>U</u> ser: Juergen Bors (2:240/999.99)		•	Change list
A <u>v</u> ailable echos: PHILO.GER Themengebiete PHOTO PHOTO.GER Conference, PHYSICS PHYSIK.GER (Gerrit PINBALL.GER 2:2433/401.355) POINTS		Su <u>b</u> scribed echos	<u>×</u>
PHYSICS			🔽 Rescan
01	<	Cancel	

You call this function via **Areafix/ Subscribe to echos**. On the left you find the echolist on the right the echoes you want subscribe to. Mark the echoes you want in the left window and put them into the right window using the arrow buttons in the middle. Marking Rescan will cause sending older mail in this echo to you. But be careful with this, some systems work on an 'all or nothing' basis. This means, if your node owns a pretty fat messagebase on certain echos and is running a Squish [tm] based system, it might happen that you get a mail packet containing more than 10.000 messages in one echo! (Btw: in the screenshot above you'll find some strange echos names: Themengebiete, Gerrit or 2:2433/401.355. This results from an exported echolist from netmail without deleting the comments – see 2.1.11)

Well, the request mail is written. Now we should send it, but there are some settings left to make, so let's go on.

2.1.10 Mailer adjustments

Click **Actions/ Start Fido Mailer** which will open the second programme of the APoint packet. With this programme you connect to FIDO nodes for the purposes of getting and sending mail and files. You choose **Configuration/ Boss** and will see this window:

Boss Setup 1/1		×
<u>T</u> elephone:	0999/9990	Name: Mailbox Fantasia
Session <u>p</u> assword:	****	Device: AVM ISDN - ISDN (X.75)
	Delete <u>N</u> ew	< Pregious Negt >

Here you have to enter the telephone number of the BBS of your node, the name of the BBS, the session password and your modem and/or the driver for your ISDN card (it is already installed, I hope...).

Now a short look on Configuration/ Options:

Options	×	:
OLE automation		
☑ <u>I</u> oss mail after completing tra	ansfer	
✓ "Send" mail before starting transfer		
Send " <u>d</u> ummy" packet		
Do not load <u>C</u> API		
<u>M</u> ax. length of logfile (lines) :	5000	
ОК	Cancel	

Normally Apoint should flawlessly run with this settings, if not, you can now mark 'Send "dummy" packet'. In most of the cases it will not be necessary... And now we can start. In the mailer you can under **System/ <Box Name>** call your node. If everything works, you'll soon be able to read the first Echo– and Netmail and to answer these messages... Just one last hurdle is to take: when the echolist arrives as one Netmail or splitted in several messages in the Netmail folder, it has to be exported as a file which is described here.

2.1.11 Exporting an echolist from Netmail

If you get the Echolist in Netmail from your node, it will mostly look like this in the editor:

🗅 Netmail	
<u>M</u> essage <u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> earch <u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> avigation Export <u>T</u> ools <u>I</u> nfo	
K 🗸 🕨 🕺 🕼 📰 🕼 🎦 🐼 🚺 🛍 🔛	
From: AreaFix To: Juergen Bors Subject: List request	2:240/999 2:240/999.99
Available areas for 2:240/999.99 on Sat 06 Oct 2001, 12:58:53	4
FIDO	
2000 24000.GER Diskussion ueber das FidoNet, dess Technik, RegeR	en
386.GER Discussion about 286,386,486,Pentiu Mainboards/Pr	m
47.GER 4DOS	
4DOS.GER About 4DOS and Utilities (Karsten Willand, 2:2437/4	
	•
1 [1-2] [13.10.01 18:41:10 [Pvt Rcv]13.10).01 18:41:10 //

Now you can via Export/ File...

Speichern	unter				? ×
Speichern jn:	🔁 export	•	È	<u></u>	📸 📰 🖽
Datei <u>n</u> ame:	Echolist. TXT				<u>S</u> peichern
Datei <u>t</u> yp:	Text Files (*.txt)	_	-] [Abbrechen
	🦳 Mit Sch <u>r</u> eibschutz öffnen				

save the message text as echolist.txt. If the echolist is splitted in several parts, you repeat this with every message. This will create the following message box

Bestätig	ung		×
?	There's already a file Append the message	named "Echolis to the existing	st.TXT" in the given directory. file ?
	Ja	<u>N</u> ein	Abbrechen

which you confirm with 'Yes' (Oups – looks like there have some german words survived. Okay, you choose 'Ja' ;–) Now you've got an echolist, you can enter under **Configurations/ User** which enables you to subscribe the echoes you are interested in via **Areafix/ Subscribe to Echos.** Just one hint: it's better to delete all the comments and hold ONLY the echo names, one on each line.

That's it folks – this has been the FIDO configuration. In the same way you can configure and add more BBS systems or even FIDO compatible networks to your settings.

2.2 Installing an E-Mail account

2.2.1 Requirements

First of all, you should forget everything you have read until now ;–) E–Mail and FIDO are very different sort of things and thus we'll take other ways (probably easier ones) for E–Mail.

- It is recommendend to have an existing account to the Internet. This will save us to explain the network settings, protocols and so on... On the other hand, you can find all these themes on the sites of nearly every provider on the net.
- ◊ You must know the address of an SMPT server (Mail Out) and the appropriate POP3 server (Mail In).
- ◊ Your personal settings must also be known (Name, E–Mail address, password...) These have always to be applied for.

2.2.2 Creating a User

Well, let's go. We start APoint...

🕵 Area-List						<u> </u>
<u>F</u> ile A <u>r</u> eas <u>H</u> elp	⊻iew <u>C</u> onfigu	iration Actio <u>r</u>	<u>i</u> s Area	af <u>i</u> x <u>M</u> ainte	nance	<u>T</u> ools
Nr 🥵 🧐	🍓 🔁 🗖	🖆 🤌 📄				
Area-ID	Description	1		Group	Msgs	New
- Private Mai						
Netmail	Personal M	ails		Fido	2	U
Waste				Waste	0	0
Areafix				Waste	1	0
						1.

...go to Configuration/ Users and insert

User 2/2	×
<u>U</u> ser Name: Juergen Bors	Address: Loors@email.com
Boute to: 0:0/0	Reply Address:
Packet password:	Areafix password:
Path to <u>A</u> rea List:	Browse
Clo <u>s</u> e Dejete Ne <u>v</u>	<u>w</u> <u>C</u> opy < <u>P</u> revious <u>N</u> ext >

the User name (it's recommended to take your real name...) eventually after clicking the New button, setting the net type 'Internet' and your E–Mail address. Then we close this window.

2.2.3 Creating a Group

For an E-Mail we need other settings,

Gruppen 3/3 🛛
Group name: Default recipient:
Max. age of messages (days): Max. number of messages: Delete at: 100 1000 1200
User: <u>T</u> emplate: Juergen Bors (i_bors@email.com) ▼ Internet ▼
Drigin:
Default charset: LATIN-1 Convert outgoing messages to ASCII
Close Delete New Copy < Previous Next >

thus a new group has to be created (**Configuration/ Groups** – button New). This groups also needs a name and the settings for the mail database has to be adapted (Max. age/Max number/ Delete at...). Then you choose the just created User, the template for your answering messages and the default receiver of your postings, the default character set and that's it.

2.2.4 Creating an E-Mail area

Under Areas/	New Area
--------------	----------

Area			×
Area- <u>I</u> D: Email			Flags No <u>s</u> canning <u>H</u> old
Description: Personal E-Mails <u>G</u> roup: Internet			 No linking ✓ Netmail/EMail ✓ Fixed font
Messagebase type O <u>M</u> sg	C <u>J</u> AM	e.	АМ <u>Е</u>
	OK	Cancel]

you insert the name of the area, a description, the above mentioned group and, very imortant, the Netmail/E–Mail flag. The type of the messagebase is okay this doesn't need any change.

2.2.5 Other adjustments in the mail client

We've now reached to the third programme the APoint packet consists of. We start it via **Actions/ Start Mail Client**. There we go to the menu **Configurations/ Server(s)** – as you can see, APoint is able to handle multiple servers.

Server(s)	×
<u>NNTP Server (News):</u>	•
<u>S</u> MTP Server:	smpt.email.com
<u>P</u> OP3 Server:	pop3.email.com
POP3 <u>U</u> sername:	Mister Dulittle
POP3 P <u>a</u> ssword:	******
	OK Cancel

All the required settings in this window have to be delivered by your provider(s), for E–Mail this is the SMPT server, the POP3 server, the POP user name and the POP3 password... Just one more setting: **Configurations/ Dial–Up**...

Dial-Up Connection(s)			×
Dial-Up Connection			
Arcor	-	New Connection	
			·
Before transfer			
☑ Dial	Confirm		
		Caufers	
I ∽ <u>mang up</u>		Connim	
·			
OK		Cancel	
OK		Cancel	

you should look whether the correct Internet provider you want to use for your account to the E–Mail server is set and whether the programme shall dial–up/hang up or not. Via the Mail client you are now able to get mail (if there is any on the server) by clicking the button 'Start transfer' or you can send E–Mail you created in the editor before....

2.3 Installing a Newsserver

2.3.1 Requirements You need:

◊ An internet account.

- ♦ An existing E–Mail address.
- The address of a news server, mostly your Internet provider has one but that's not always the case!
- ◊ A User name.
- ♦ The password.

2.3.2 Adjustments

Configuring is pretty easy, you only have to start the Mail client, go to **Configuration/** Server

Server(s)					X
<u>N</u> NTP Serve	er (News):	news.email.com	ו		¢
<u>S</u> MTP Serve	er:	smpt.email.com			
POP3 Serve	r:	pop3.email.com	1		¢
POP3 <u>U</u> sern	ame:	Mister Dulittle			
POP3 P <u>a</u> ssv	vord:	*****			
OK Cancel					
	<u> </u>		2011001		

and fill the line at the top with the address of the newsserver. If you are using a news server with another password than the one you use for E–Mail you click on the green '+' button and insert the settings there.

2.3.3 Fetching newsgroup list

Go to **Actions/ Get Newsgroup list/ <News server entry>** this will fetch the list of available newsgroups on this server. Be patient this can sometimes last for a few minutes.

2.3.4 Subscribe to a newsgroup

This is also done in the Mail client under Actions/(Un) Subscribe to Newsgroups:

news.email.com	
Available Newsgroups: alt.music.ash alt.music.atlanta alt.music.atlanta alt.music.b-52s alt.music.bad-religion alt.music.bad-religion alt.music.band-director alt.music.band-director alt.music.beach-boys alt.music.beastie-boys alt.music.beastie-boys alt.music.beastie-boys alt.music.beastie-boys alt.music.beastie-boys alt.music.beastie-boys	Subscribed Newsgroups:
OK Cancel	Previous Server <u>N</u> ext Server

The creating of this windows may last pretty long so don't panic and stay patient... After that you choose with the bottom arrow key in the middle of the two list windows the ones you want to subscribe to (you have to mark them before) and with the upper arrow key you unsubscribe the before marked newsgroups in the right part of the window. The buttons with the flashlights on them help you to search for groups or for continueing the search. After you've made your choice, you only have to click on 'Start Transfer' and you'll get the choosen Areas. Maybe you'll have to associate these news groups with a suitable group in the echolist (**Areas/ Edit Area**).

© <u>J. Bors</u> Last change at 10/14/2001 – Version 0.91 beta Translated by Klaus Kulbarsch, 10/14/2001